TAMILNADU PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATIONS AND LANGUAGE TESTS – APRIL - 2024

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

(FOR ASSISTANT / DEPUTY COLLECTORS)

(WITHOUT BOOKS)

Time: 1½ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Answer ALL questions.

Each question carries one mark.

 $(50 \times 1 = 50)$

- Which of the following is a function of the Finance Manager?
 (A) Mobilizing Funds
 (B) Risk return trade off
 (C) Deployment funds
 (D) All the above

 2. Basic objective of Financial Management is
 - (A) Profit Maximization
 - (B) Cash Maximization
 - (C) Maximization of shareholders wealth
 - (D) Maximization of return
- 3. Long term Finance is required for
 - (A) Current Assets

(B) Fixed Assets

(C) Intangible Assets

(D) Inventories

- 4. The asset generally not suitable for securitization is
 - (A) Receivables from government department
 - (B) Trade receivable
 - (C) Hire purchase finance receivables
 - (D) Mortgage loans

[Turn over

 (D) Smaller borrowing and larger profits 9. Which is not the technique of capital struct (A) Trading on Equity (B (C) Cost of Capital (D 10. Source of temporary working capital is 	 Utilization of Funds Medium-term Finance Spontaneous Limited Company Foreign Investors 						
6. Trade credit is a source of (A) Long-term Finance (B) (C) Short-term Finance (D) 7. Stock-invest facility is not available to (A) Mutual fund (B) (C) Individual Investor (D) 8. Trading on equity refers to (A) Selling of equity shares (B) Selling of debentures (C) Using debt capital along with own cap (D) Smaller borrowing and larger profits 9. Which is not the technique of capital struct (A) Trading on Equity (B) (C) Cost of Capital (D) 10. Source of temporary working capital is	 Medium-term Finance Spontaneous Limited Company Foreign Investors 						
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(A) Trading on Equity (B (C) Cost of Capital (D 10. Source of temporary working capital is							
(C) Cost of Capital (D 10. Source of temporary working capital is	ure analysis?						
10. Source of temporary working capital is) Capital Gearing						
) Capital Budgeting						
(A) Chana							
(A) Share (B) Debenture						
(C) Public deposits (D) Commercial banks						
	, commorate summe						
11. Discounted cash flow technique involves							
(A) Payback method (B							
(C) Net present value (D							

14.	1116	distribution of capital in lavor of in-	ore at	cceptable proposal is known as
	(A)	Capital Budgeting	(B)	Capital Rationing
	(C)	Capital Raising	(D)	Capitalization
13.	The	budget which is prepared first of al	l is	
	(A)	Cash Budget	(B)	Master Budget
	(C)	Flexible Budget	(D)	Budget for key factor
14.	The	analysis based on the concept of sel	ectiv	e inventory management is known as
	(A)	EOQ Analysis	(B)	VED Analysis
	(C)	B.E.P Analysis	(D)	ABC Analysis
15.	Deb	t-Equity ratio refers to		
	(A)	Liquidity ratio	(B)	Solvency ratio
	(C)	Profitability ratio	(D)	Activity ratio
16.	Stat	te which of the following is non-curr	ent li	ability?
	(A)	Capital reserve	(B)	Bank overdraft
	(C)	Outstanding wages	(D)	Sundry creditors
17.	Inve	entory Turnover Ratio is a ratio bety	ween	cost of material consumed and
	(A)	Average stock	(B)	Bare stock
	(C)	Opening stock	(D)	Closing stock
	•			
18.	Whi	ich of the following variance is alwa	ys ad	verse?
	(A)	Sales margin mix variance		
	(B)	Purchase margin mix variance		
	(C)	Idle time variance		
. *	(D)	Fixed overhead capacity variance		

19.	Hor	izontal Analysis is known as				
	(A)	Dynamic analysis	(B)	Structural analysis		
	(C)	Static analysis	(D)	Both (A) and (B)		
20.	Purchase of goodwill by issue of debenture refers to					
	(A) .	Uses of funds	(B)	No flow of fund		
	(C)	Sources of fund	(D)	Funds from operation		
21.	The	cost of capital comprises of				
	(A)	Return at zero risk level				
	(B)	Premium for operating risk				
	(C)	Premium for financial risk				
	(D)	All the above				
22.	Whi	ch among these is not a specific cos	t?			
	(A)	Cost of debt	(B)	Cost of Equity		
	(C)	Cost of Assets	(D)	Cost of Preference share		
23.	The	explicit cost of capital is associated	with			
	(A)	Raising of funds	(B)	Internal financing		
	(C)	Opportunity cost	(D)	Utilization of funds		
24.	Fina	ancial leverage is related to				
	(A)	Fixed financial charges				
	(B)	Financing activities of the firm				
	(C)	Operating expenses				
	(D)	Fixed expenses				
25.	Secu	rity of assets is determining factor	for us	sing		
	(A)	Debt Capital	(B)	Equity Capital		
	(C)	Preference Capital	(D)	Cost of Capital		
•			• •			

(A)	Cash dividend	(D)	
		(B)	Stock dividend
(C)	Interim dividend	(D)	Final dividend
MM	approach is similar to		
(A)	Traditional approach	(B)	NOI approach
(C)	NI approach	(D)	Income approach
The	structure which includes both long	g-term	and short-term source of funds
(A)	Capital structure	(B)	Optimum capital structure
(C)	Financial structure	(D)	Both (A) and (B)
Bon	us shares are given to		
(A)	Equity shareholders	(B)	Future shareholders
(C)	Existing shareholders	(D)	Past shareholders
The	return from holding a stock consis	ts of	
(A)	Capital appreciation and dividend	d	
(B)	Capital gains		
(C)	Market price		
(D)	Dividend at the beginning		
Net	Income (NI) Approach is suggested	l by	
(A)	Modigliani and miller	(B)	Walter
(C)	Solomon	(D)	Durand
Whe	en a concern has high investment i	n curr	ent assets, this policy is known as
(A)	Restrictive policy	(B)	Conservative policy
(C)	Hedging policy	(D)	Aggressive policy
	MIM (A) (C) The (A) (C) Bon (A) (C) The (A) (C) Who (A)	MM approach is similar to (A) Traditional approach (C) NI approach The structure which includes both long (A) Capital structure (C) Financial structure Bonus shares are given to (A) Equity shareholders (C) Existing shareholders The return from holding a stock consist (A) Capital appreciation and dividence (B) Capital gains (C) Market price (D) Dividend at the beginning Net Income (NI) Approach is suggested (A) Modigliani and miller (C) Solomon When a concern has high investment in (A) Restrictive policy	MM approach is similar to (A) Traditional approach (B) (C) NI approach (D) The structure which includes both long-term (A) Capital structure (B) (C) Financial structure (D) Bonus shares are given to (A) Equity shareholders (B) (C) Existing shareholders (D) The return from holding a stock consists of (A) Capital appreciation and dividend (B) Capital gains (C) Market price (D) Dividend at the beginning Net Income (NI) Approach is suggested by (A) Modigliani and miller (B) (C) Solomon (D) When a concern has high investment in curre (A) Restrictive policy (B)

33.	Whi	ich of the factor does not influence	the lev	el of working capital?
	(A)	Operating capital	(B)	Nature of business
	(C)	Size of the business	(D)	Sales
34.	The	term current assets not includes		
	(A)	Inventory	(B)	Machinery
	(C)	Cash	(D)	Marketable securities
35.	Whi	ich of the following is not normally	paid fi	com the working capital?
	(A)	Payment of wages	(B)	Payment to creditors
	(C)	Redemption of debentures	(D)	Payment of salary
36.	Stoc	ck at the beginning result in		
	(A)	Application of fund	(B)	Source of fund
	(C)	No flow of fund	(D)	Funds from operation
37.	Rais	sing cash by issue of new shares		
	(A)	Working capital cycle		
	(B)	No change in working capital		
	(C)	Increase in working capital		
	(D)	Decrease in working capital		
38.	The	main function of cost control is		
	(A)	To provide the right quantity		
	(B)	To supply the material at right ti	me	
	(C)	To supply the material at right p	rice	
	(D)	Both (A) and (B)		

JJ.	Con	timuous stock-taking is a part of		
	(A)	Annual stock-taking		
	(B)	Perpetual inventory system		
<i>:</i>	(C)	Financial audit		
	(D)	Stock audit		
10.	The	storekeeper should initiate a purc	hase r	equisition when stock reache
	(A)	Minimum Level	(B)	Maximum Level
	(C)	Re-order Level	(D)	Average Level
11.	The	component of the capital market is	S	
	(A)	Treasury bill market		
	(B)	Government securities market		
	(C)	Commercial bill market		
	(D)	Both (A) and (B)		
12.	Whi	ich one of the following is a financi	al asse	t?
	1	Gold	(B)	Silver
	(C)	Share	(D)	Land
13.	IDB	I was established in		
	(A)	1965	(B)	1964
	(C)	1966	(D)	1973
	(,		(-)	
14.	Corr	ernment bond is a		
x * . .	(A)	Short-term security		
	(A) (B)	Long-term security		
	(D)	rong-cerm security		

(C) Medium-term security

(D) Either short-term or long-term security

45.	The market which helps commercia	l banks to	maintain their SLR requirements is
	(A) Call loan market	(B)	Discount market
	(C) Acceptance market	(D)	Commercial bill market
46.	Mutual funds are very popular in		
	(A) USA	(B)	UK
	(C) Japan	(D)	India
47 .	The major player in the Indian mon	iey marke	t is
	(A) Co-operative banks	(B)	Indigenous banks
	(C) Commercial banks	(D)	Reserve Bank of India
48.	The market for short-term loan is k	nown as	
	(A) Call money market	(B)	Treasury bill market
	(C) Money market	(D)	Acceptance market
49.	Unit trust of India was established	by	
	(A) IDBI	(B)	SBI
	(C) PNB	(D)	RBI
50.	In India, the company which actu	ally deals	s with the corpus of the mutual fund is
•,	(A) Sponsor company		
	(B) Trustee company		
	(C) Asset management company		
	(D) Mutual fund company		